

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR A NATIONAL PROGRAM

- 2001 | President's Panel on Ocean Exploration
- 2003 | National Research Council Report
- 2004 | President's Commistion on Ocean Policy
- 2004 | Final Recommendations of the Interagency Ocean Policy Task Force
- 2012 | Decadal Review of the Ocean Exploration Program
- 2013 | Ocean Exploration 2020: A National Forum

#### A NATIONAL PROGRAM SHOULD INCLUDE:

- The identification of clear priorities by the exploration community
- The creation of an extensive and dynamic network of partnerships
- Private sector investments in technology that exceed public sector investments
- Communication tools capable of engaging ocean explorers with the public
- Citizens that are engaged actively in ocean exploration
- Data from expeditions that are readily and rapidly available

# NOAA Ship Okeanos Explorer





OCEAN EXPL@RATION TRUST



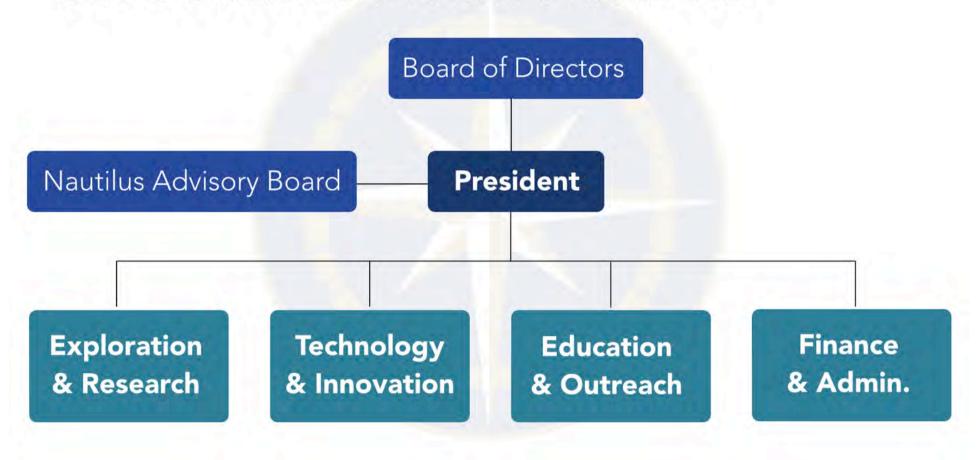


#### MISSION

To explore the ocean, seeking out new discoveries in the fields of geology, biology, maritime history, archaeology, and chemistry while pushing the boundaries of STEM education and technological innovation.



#### OET'S ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



## NAUTILUS ADVISORY BOARD







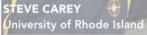






The Rockefeller University

RUTH BLAKE Yale University



CHUCK FISHER Penn State Universi

PETER GIRGUIS Harvard University





LISA LEVIN Scripps/UC San Diego



LARRY MAYER University of NH



ARY MILLER Exploratorium

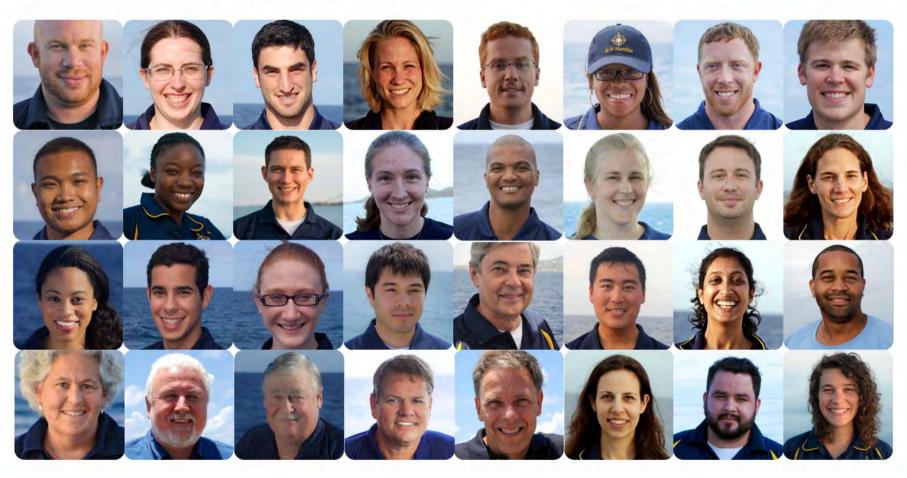


MIKE MOTTL University of Hawaii



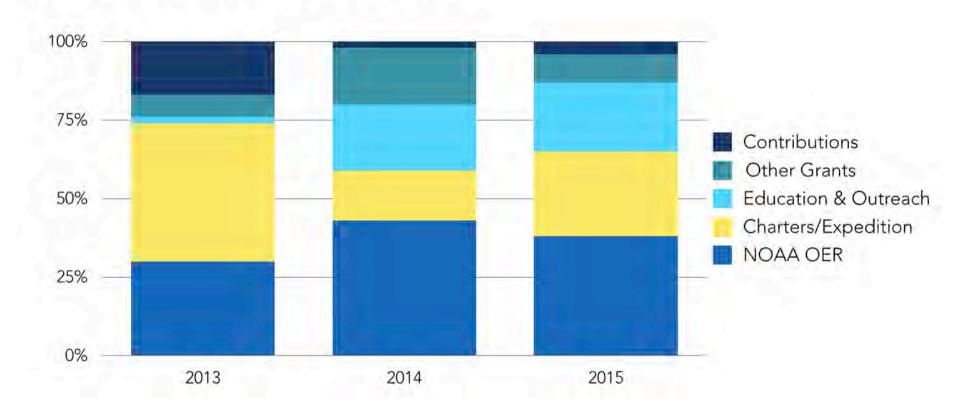
**KERRY-ANN ROYES** YMCA of Broward County

# CORPS OF EXPLORATION 798 since 2009





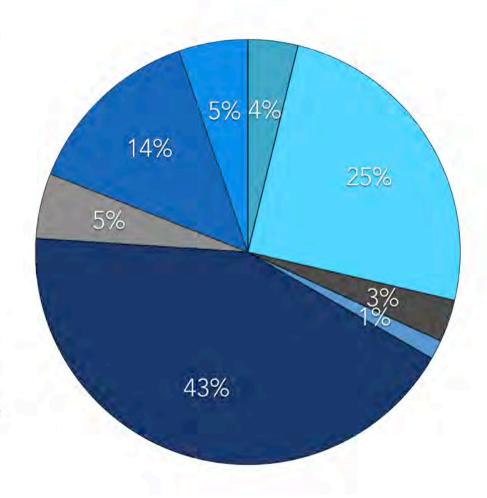
# SOURCES OF REVENUE



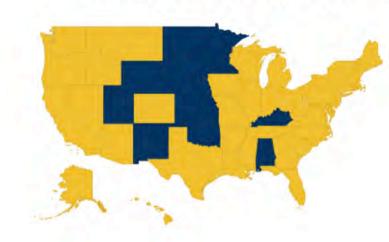
## OET PARTNERSHIPS

- Museum/Aquarium
- K-12 School
- Out-of-School Program
- Media
- Academic
- Industry
- Government
- NGO

Since 2009, **342** organizations have been represented in OET programs, both aboard *Nautilus* and ashore.



Since 2009, **798** people from **40** U.S. states...





...and 46 countries have sailed aboard Nautilus.

The number of female participants has increased from 17% in 2010 to 40% in 2015.

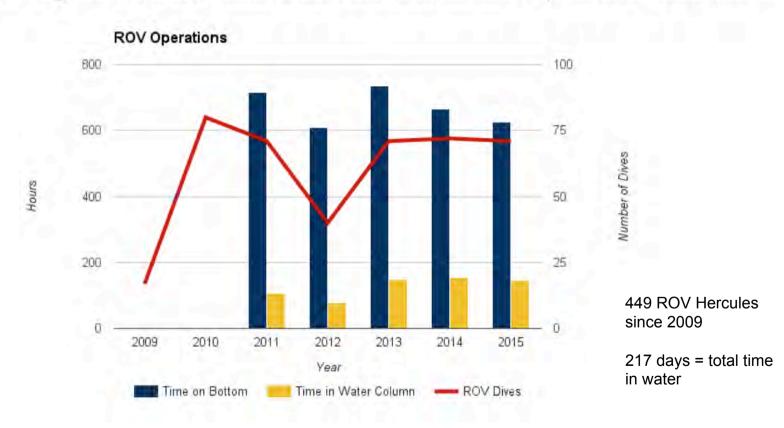


Nautilus has explored in the waters of **24** countries



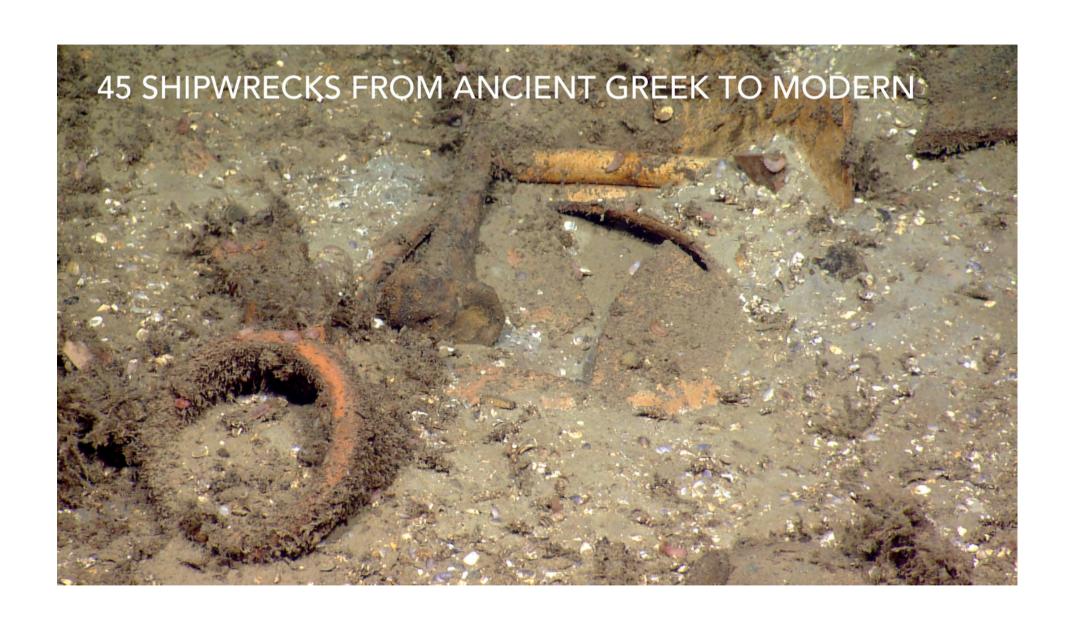
Bahamas, Belize, British Virgin Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Cyprus, Dominica, Ecuador, France, Greece, Grenada, Haiti, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Montserrat, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Spain, Syria, Trinidad & Tobago, Turkey, Ukraine

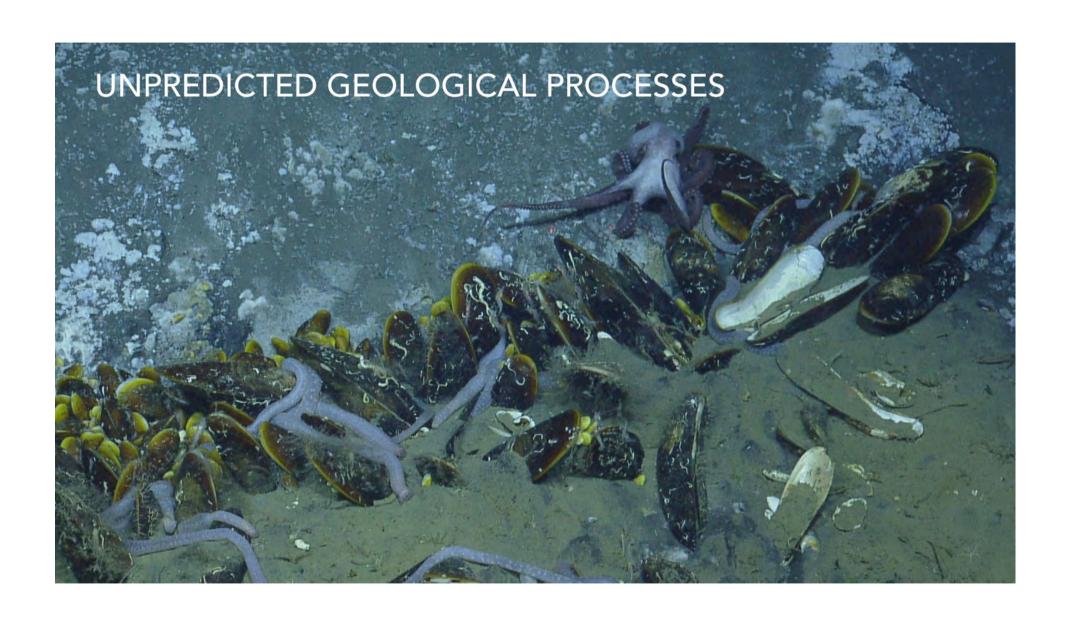
While exploring those waters, ~80% of our ROV time has been spent on the seafloor



# SCIENTIFIC & PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

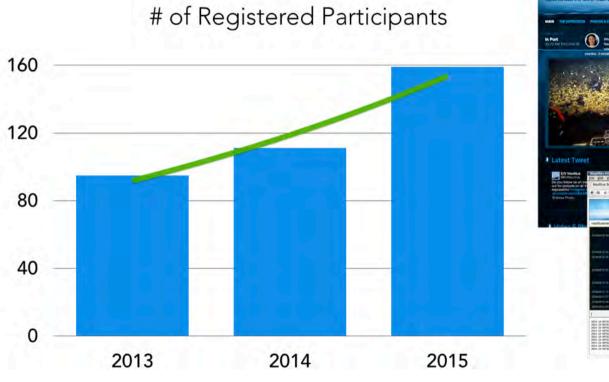






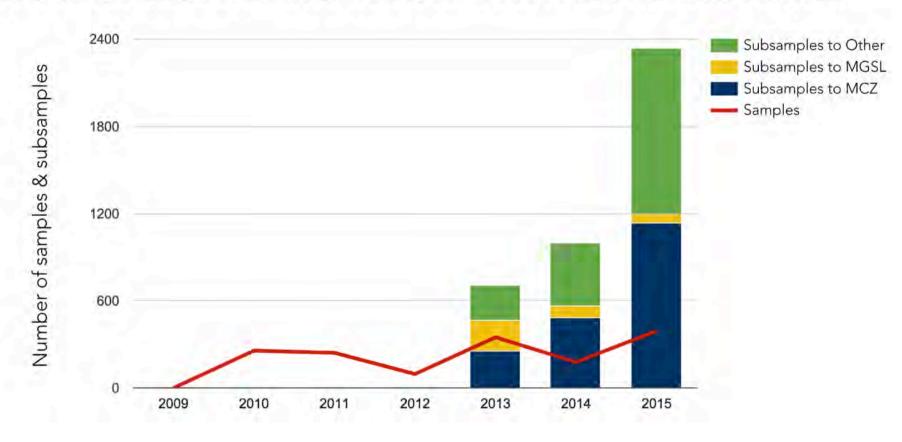


## SCIENTISTS ASHORE PROGRAM



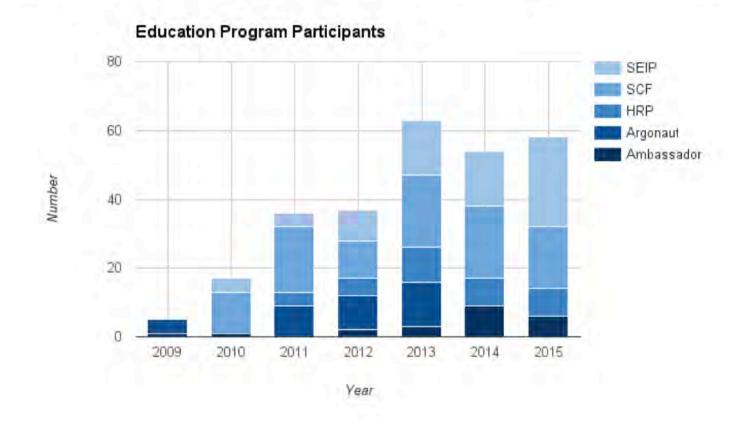


# 2,225 SAMPLES ARE ARCHIVED AT PARTNER REPOSITORIES



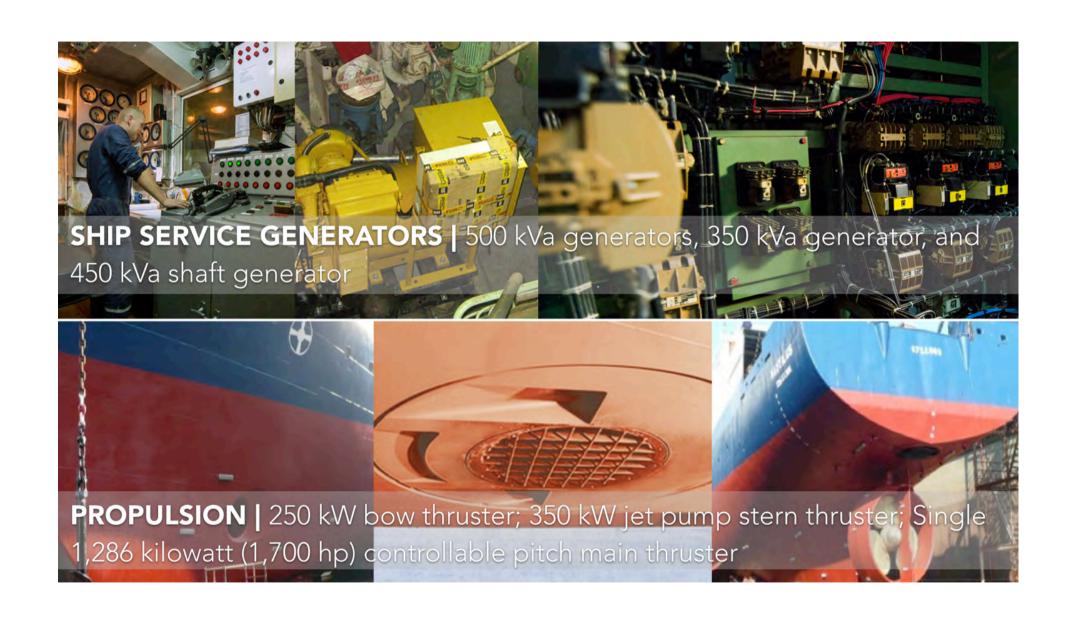


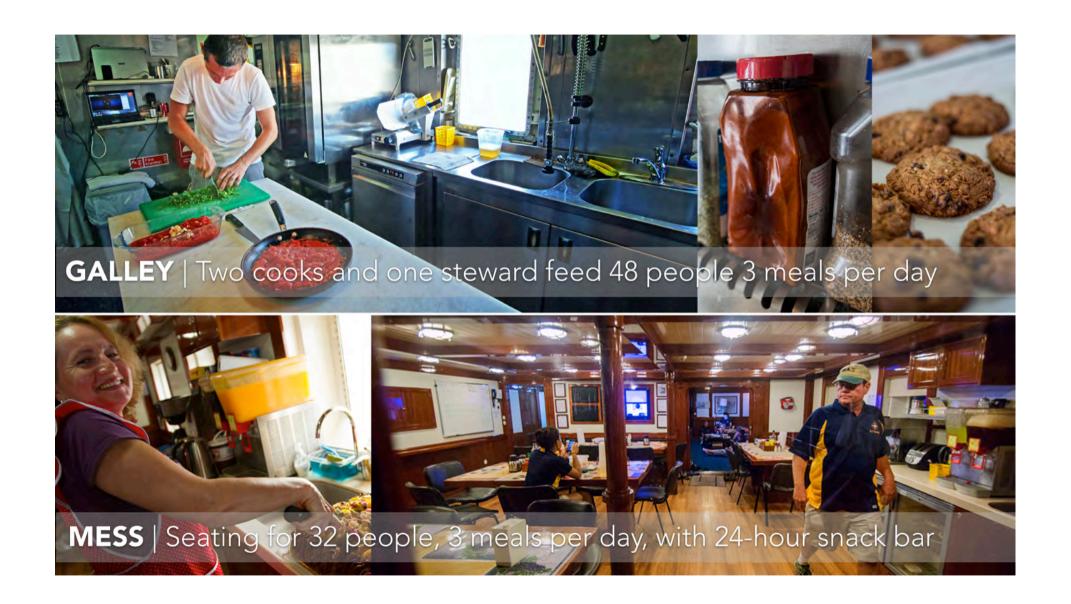
## AT SEA PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS & EDUCATORS

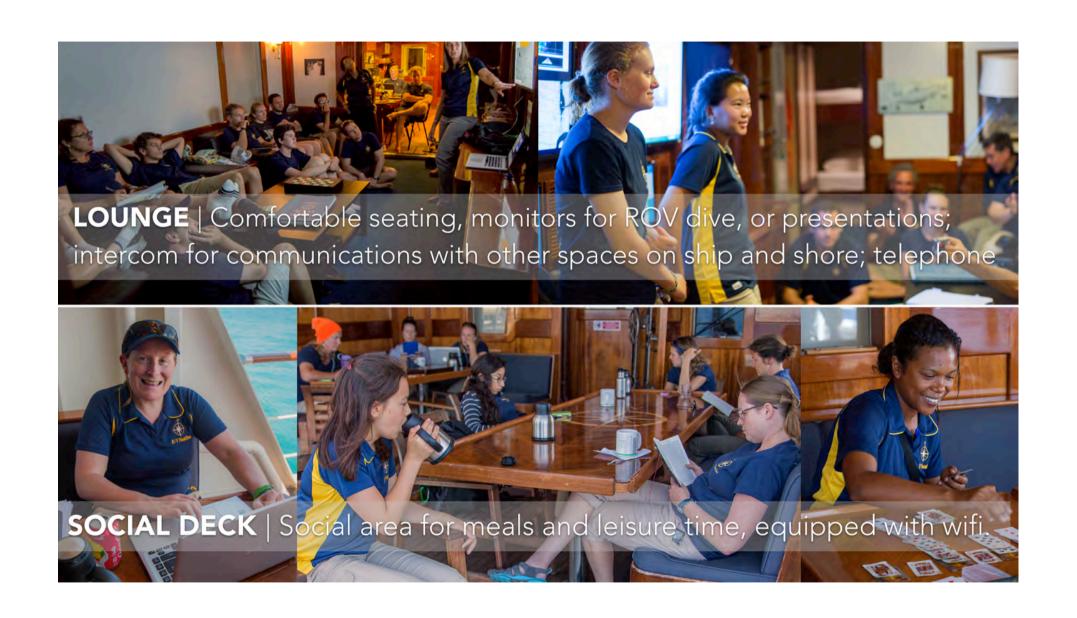


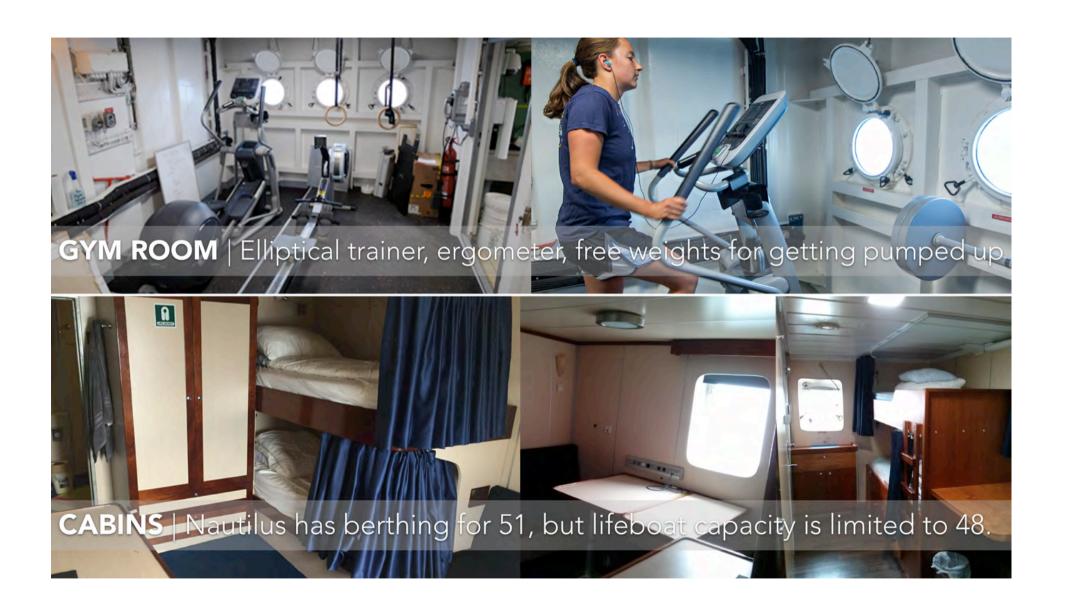


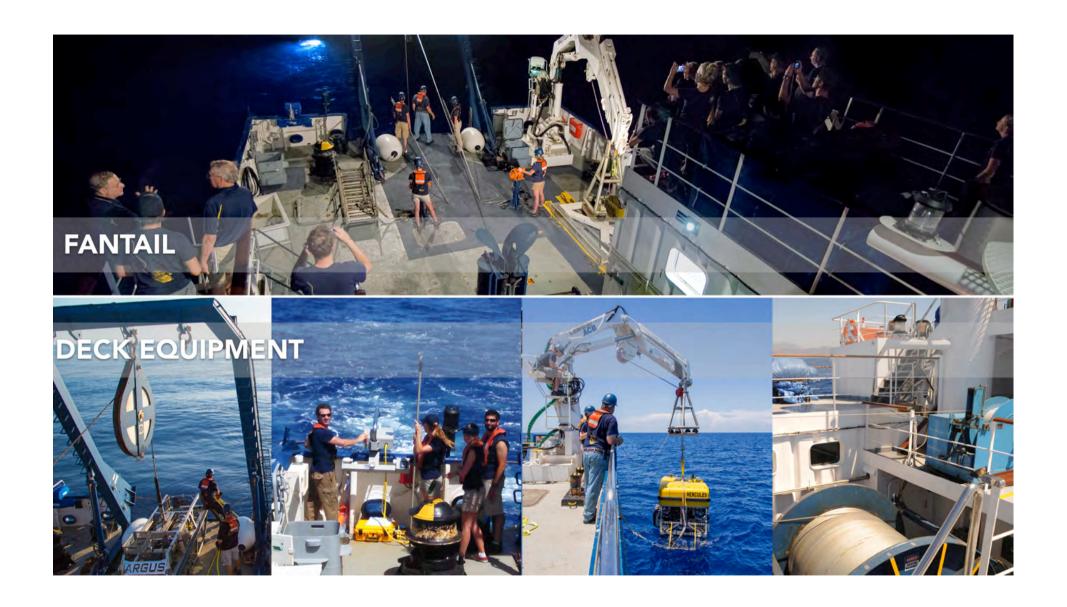


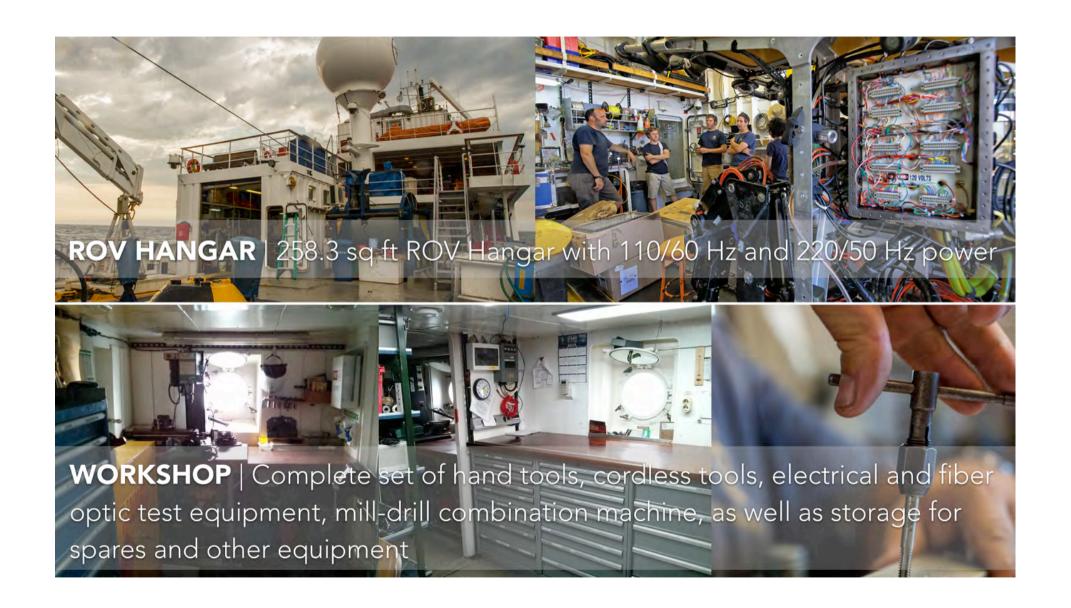






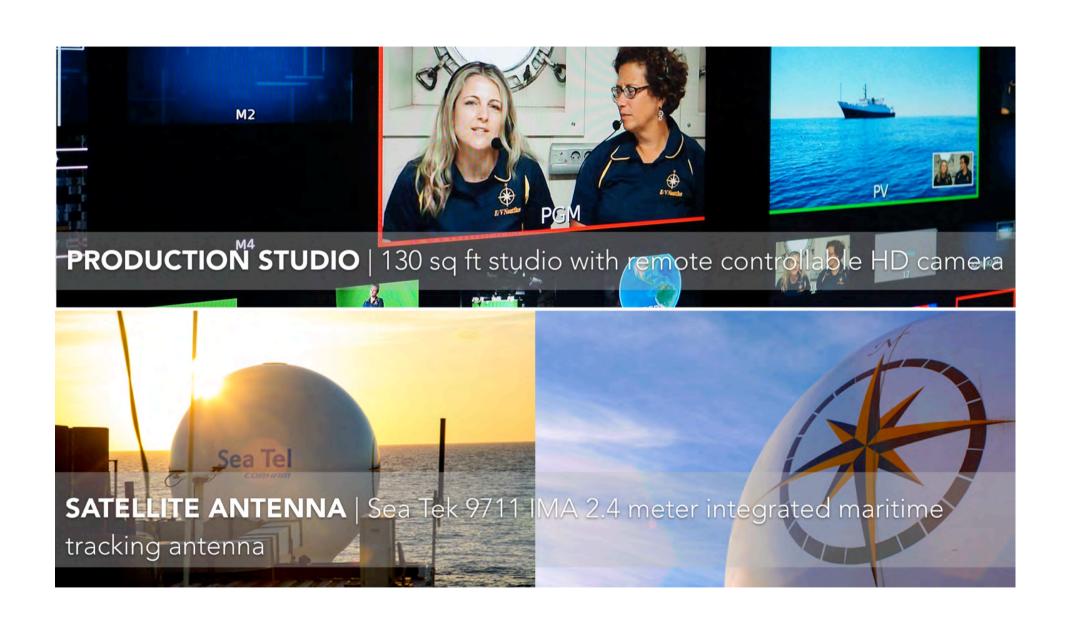


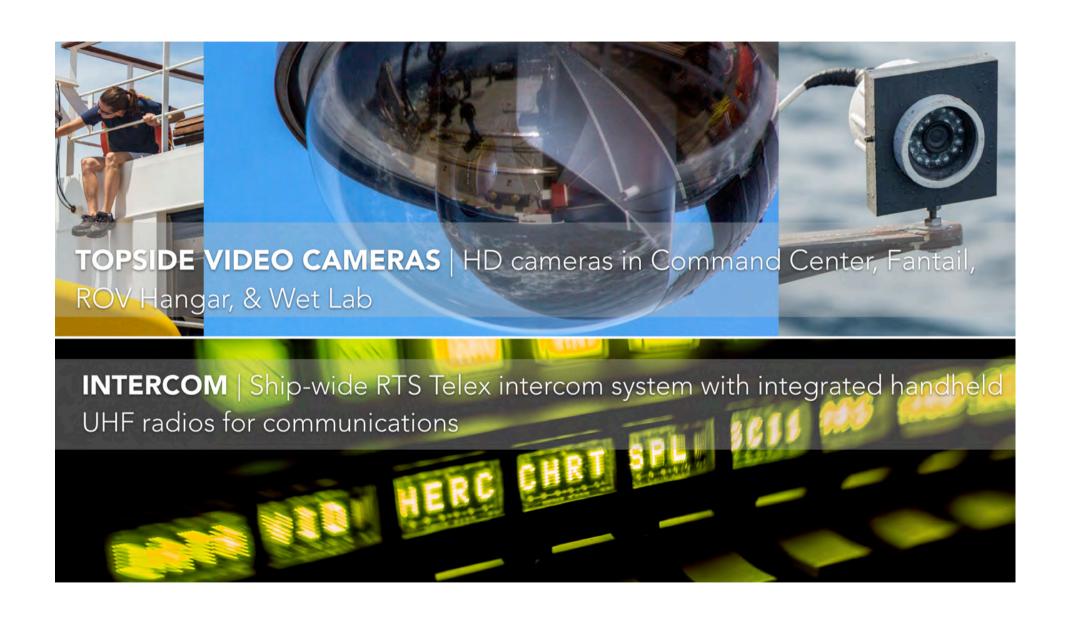




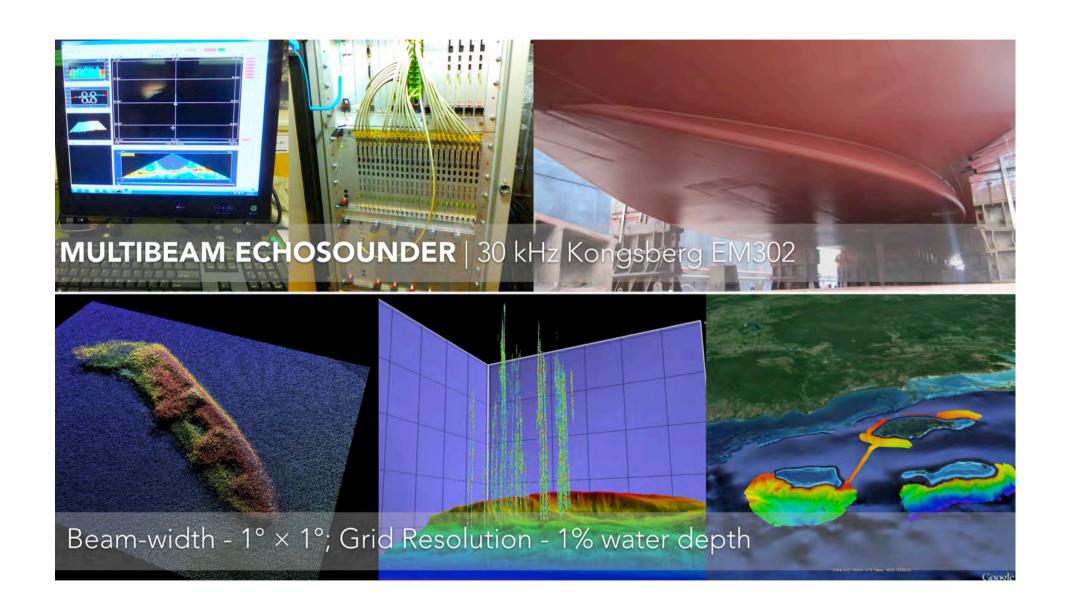


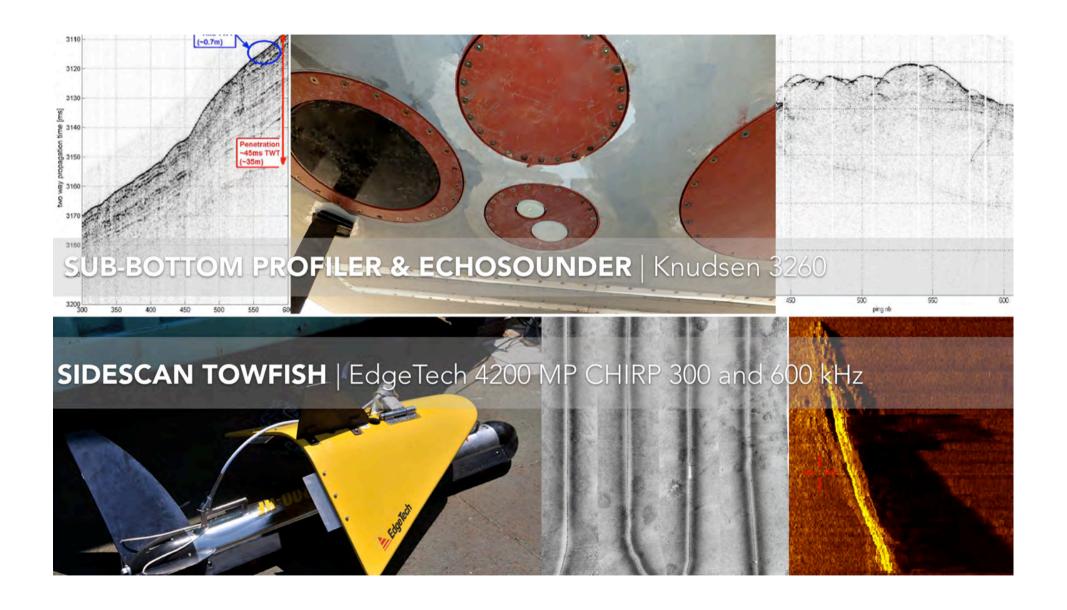


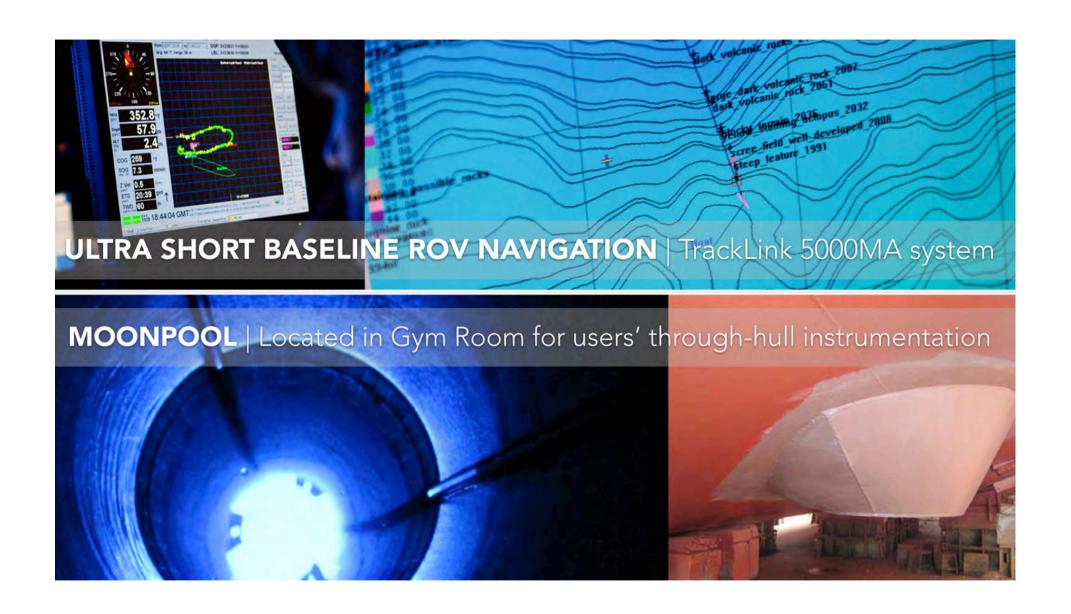


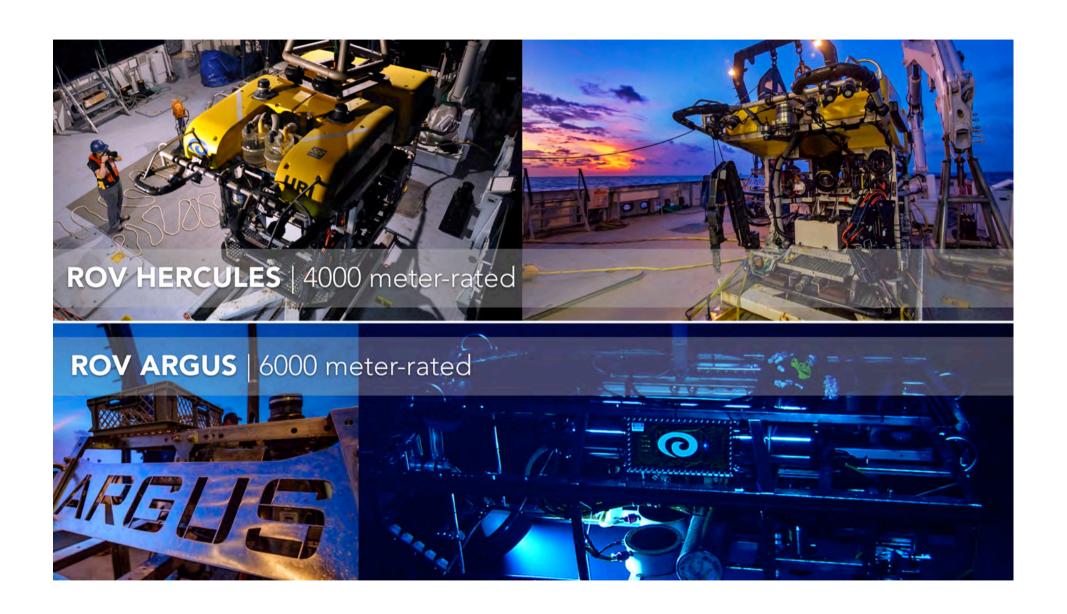




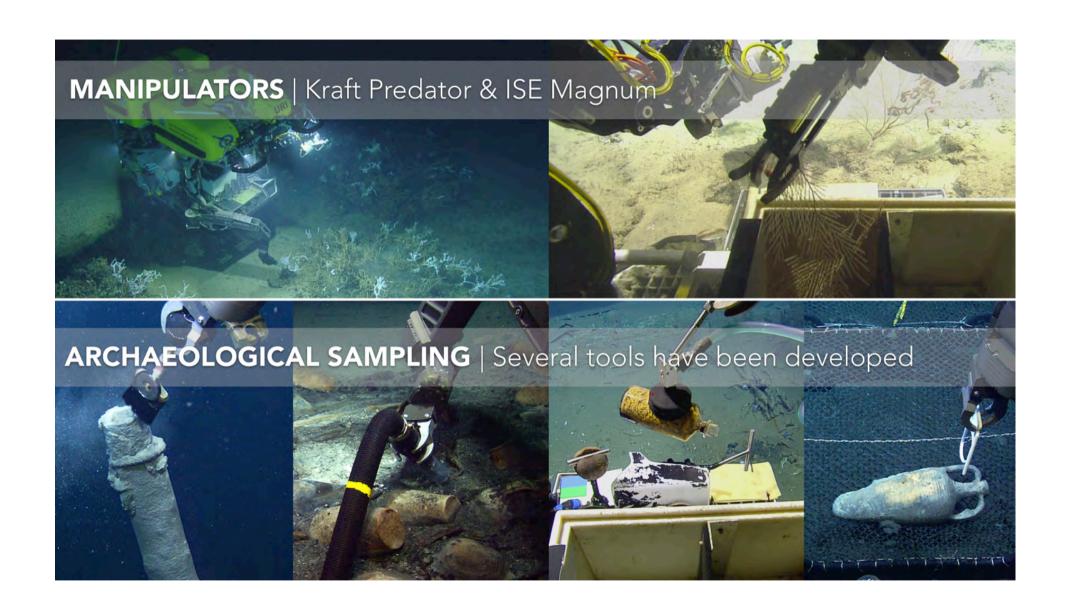


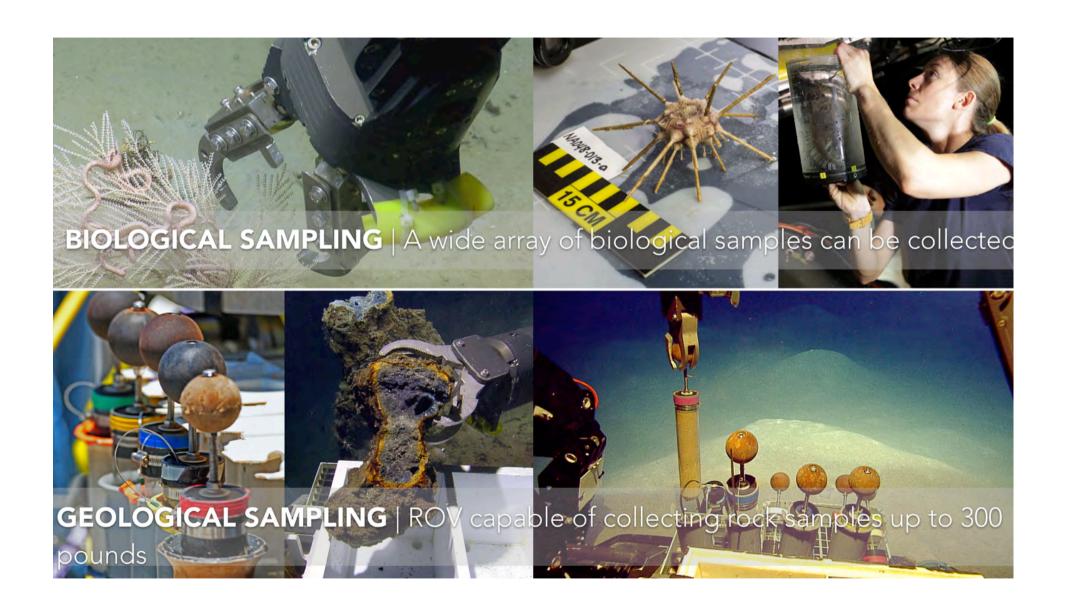


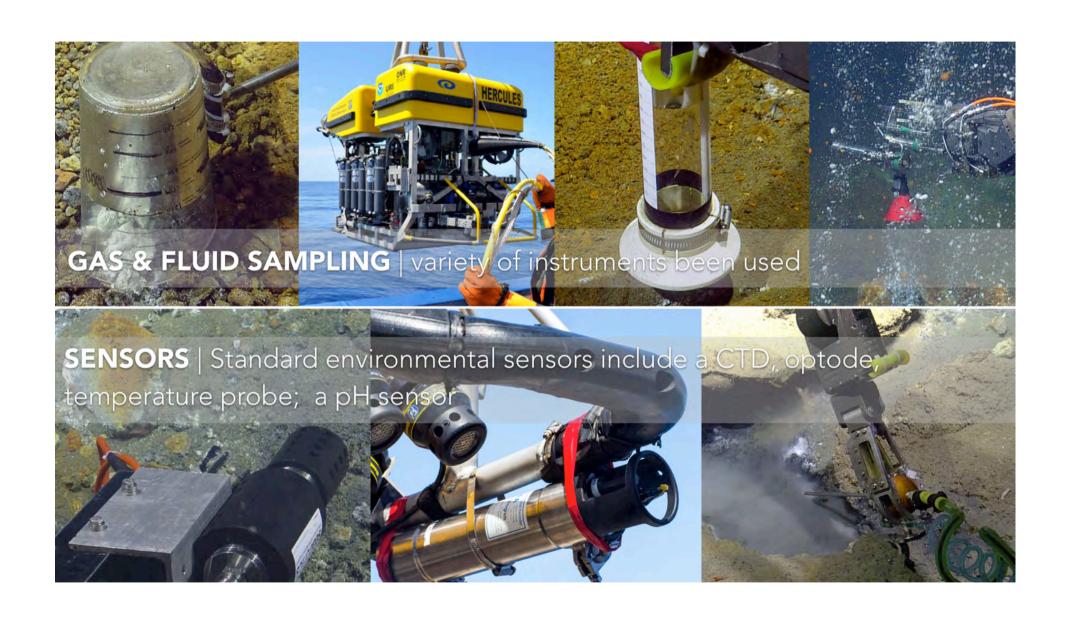


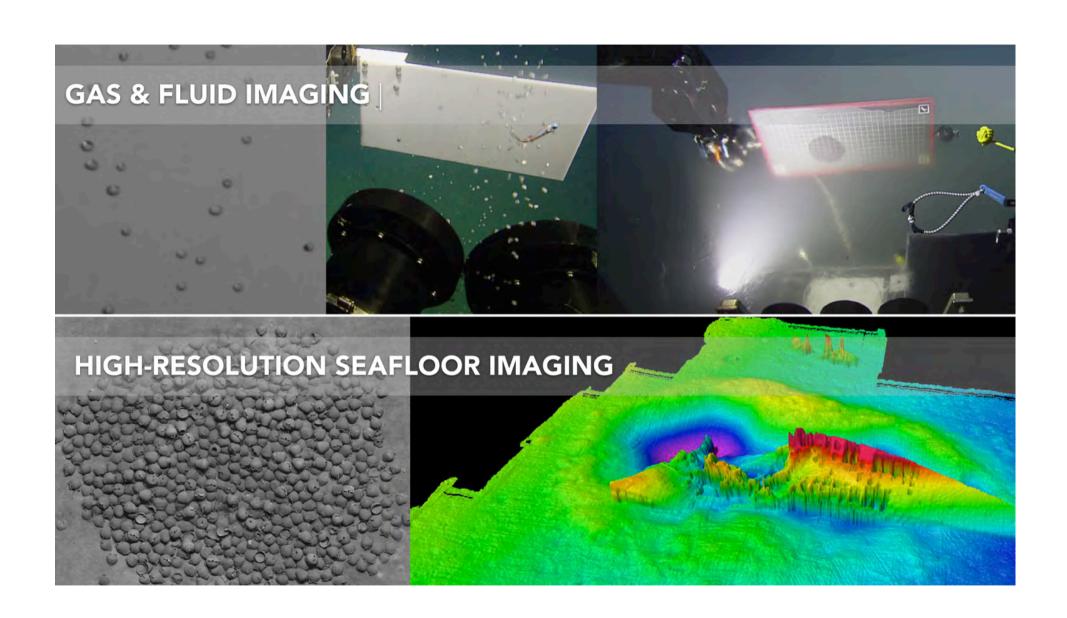








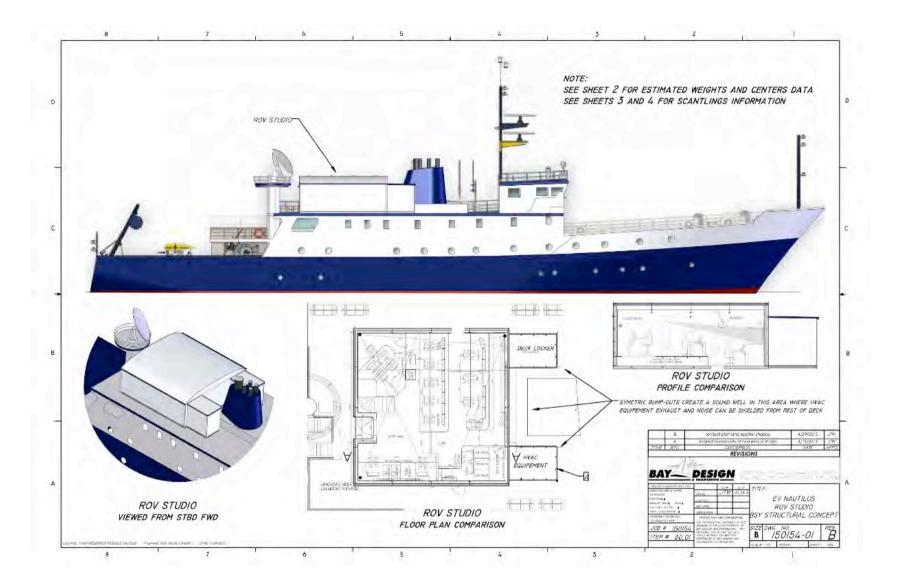












#### CHALLENGES: UNFUNDED CHARGES FOR OET

- The identification of clear priorities by the exploration community
- The creation of an extensive and dynamic network of partnerships
- Private sector investments in technology that exceed public sector investments
- Communication tools capable of engaging ocean explorers with the public
- Citizens that are engaged actively in ocean exploration
- Data from expeditions that are readily and rapidly available



## BASIC **EXPLORATION**

Fundamental exploration of the geological, biological, chemical, physical, archaeological and/or historical aspects of an unexplored part of the ocean

# **EXPLORATION**

APPLIED Targeted research projects that are undertaken as a charter for a research group, university, government agency, or corporation

## BASIC vs APPLIED EXPLORATION

Number of Days

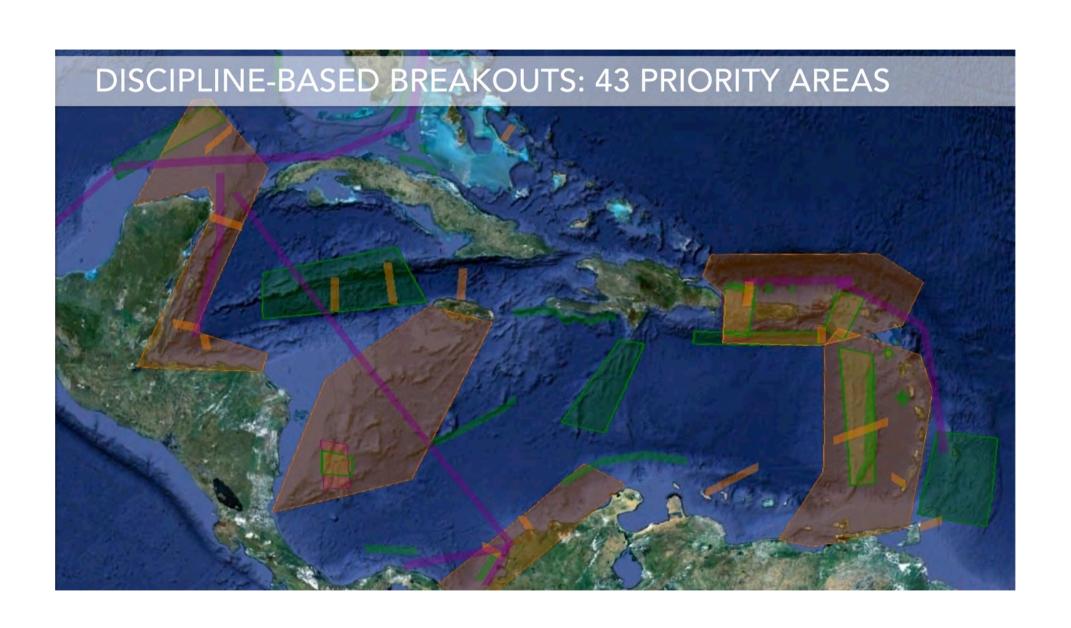


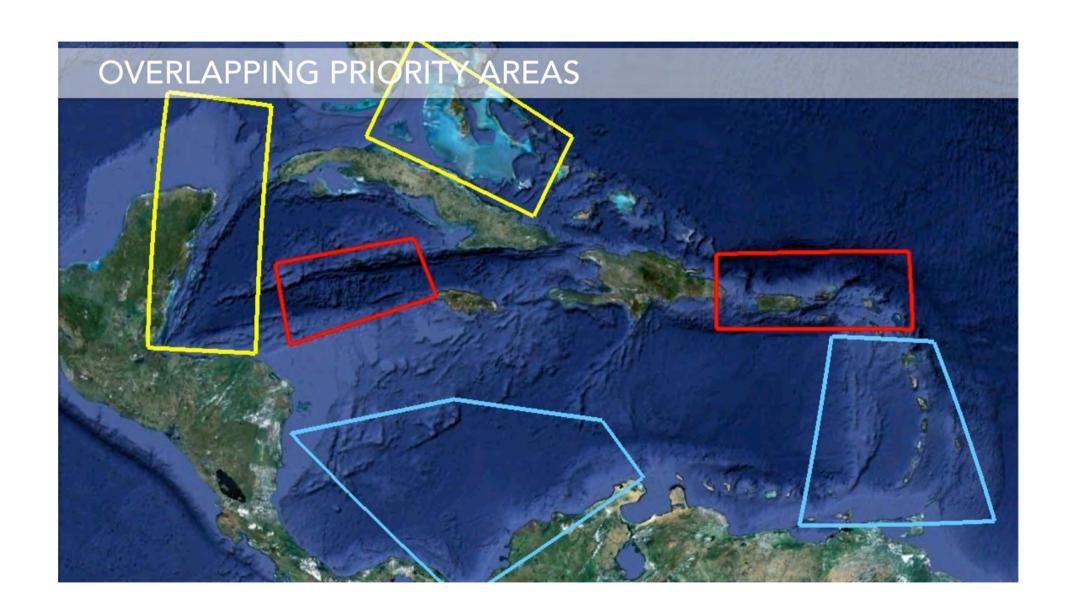
### **IDENTIFYING & PRIORITIZING BASIC EXPLORATION TARGETS**

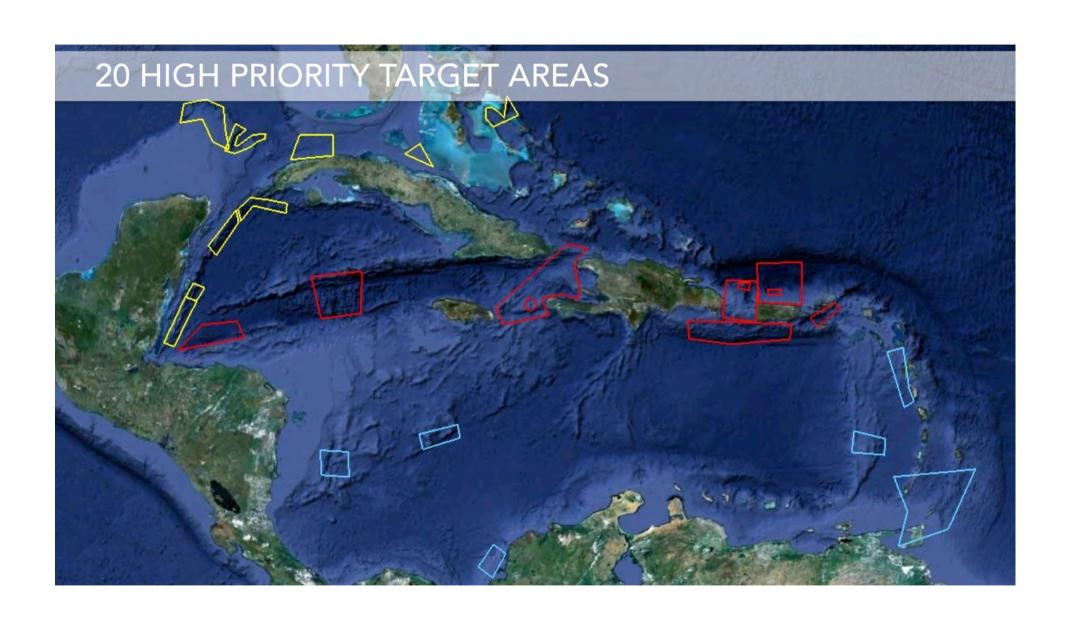
- PRE-WORKSHOP: Call for White Papers
- PRE-WORKSHOP: Invitations to selection of white paper authors
- WORKSHOP: Presentations on telepresence-enabled exploration
- WORKSHOP: Breakout groups based on (1) discipline and (2) region
- POST-WORKSHOP: Public comment period
- POST-WORKSHOP: Follow-up webinar to gather community input on results
- POST-WORKSHOP: Work with NAB to develop field programs

## 57 WHITE PAPERS SUBMITTED, 37 INVITED







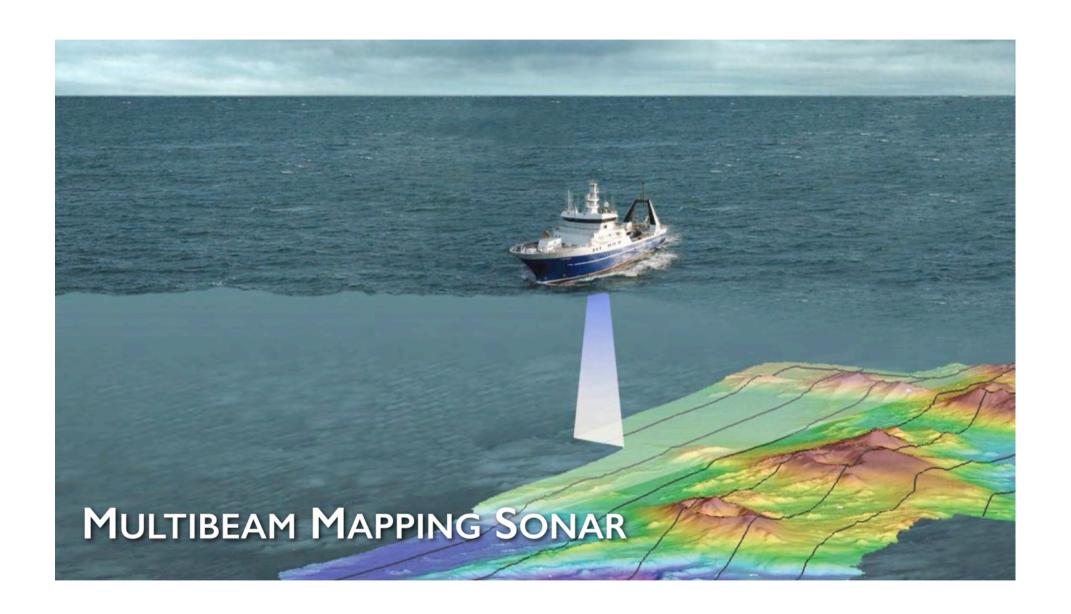


## 2013-2015 NAUTILUS BASIC EXPLORATION TARGETS: 11/20

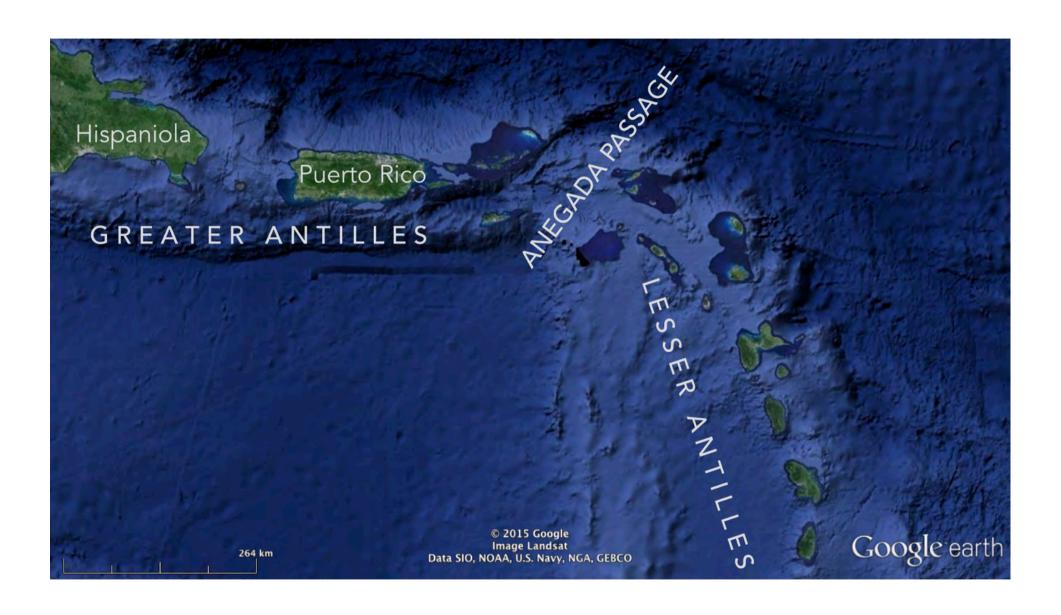


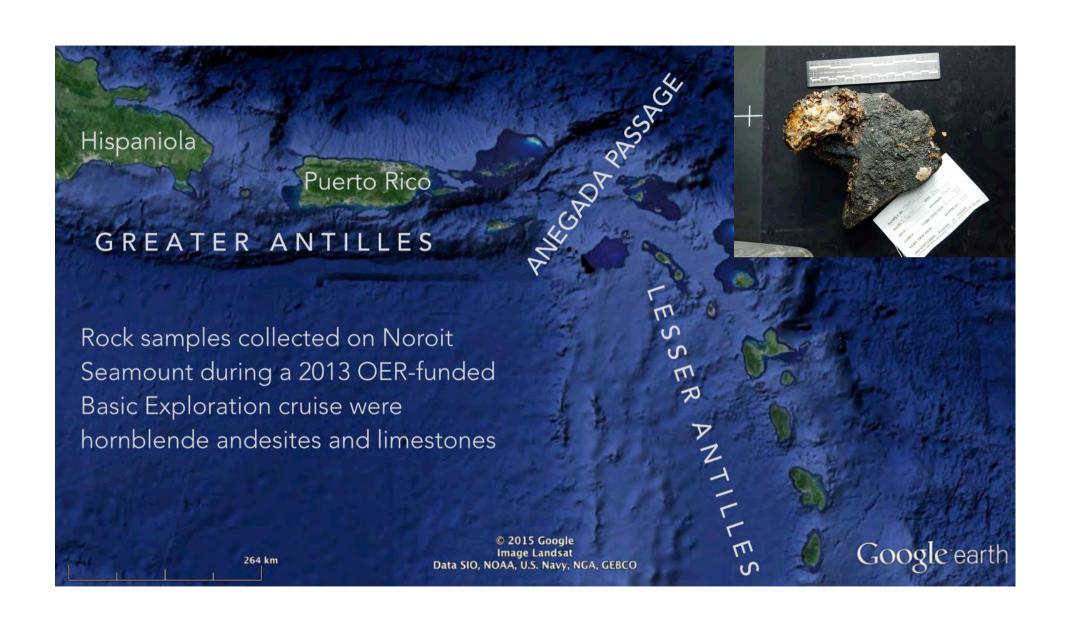


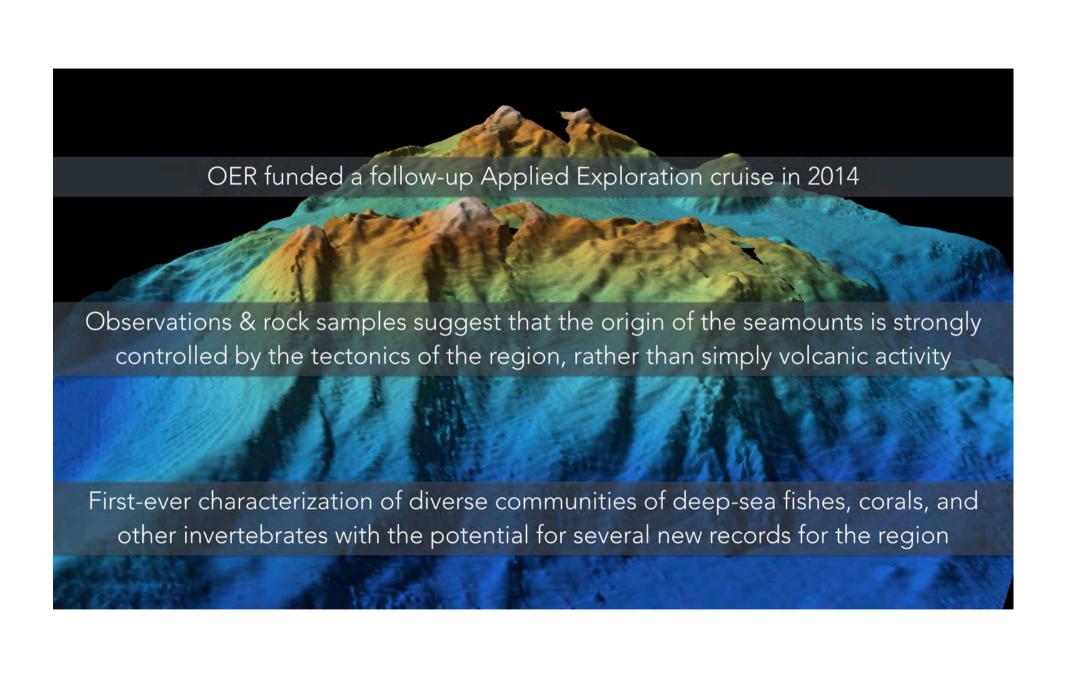






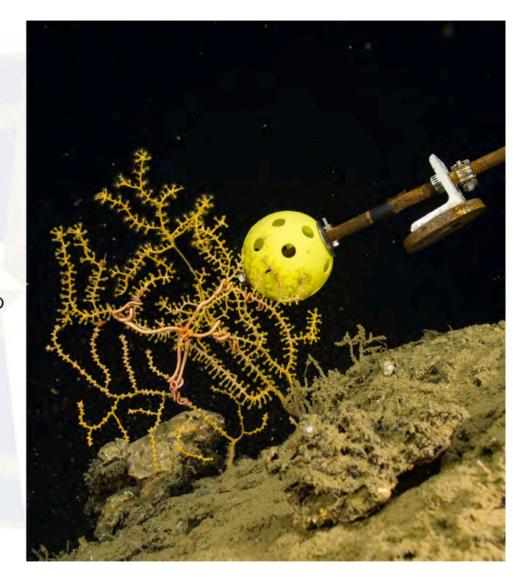






### APPLIED EXPLORATION

- Funded by external organizations for targeted research and/or educational outreach
- Supplement OET's revenue to keep Basic Exploration costs low
- Provides additional content for our educational offerings; OET's educational programs are required





## **CHALLENGES**

- Limited funding limits community participation in Exploration Workshops.
- We have thus far not been able to coordinate response to the communitydriven Exploration Workshops with Okeanos Explorer.
- As we move west farther from the continental United States, Applied Exploration funding will become more scarce.



## DATA MANAGEMENT & STAFF

**Shore Staff** 

Director of Science Operations

Data Engineering (x2)

Partnering Archival Institutions

Inner Space Center (URI)
GSO-Marine Geological Sampling Lab
Harvard Museum of Comparative Zoology
NCEI

At Sea Staff

Science/Data Managers

Data Managers in Training

Science Interns/Data Loggers

Data Engineer

## DATA MANAGEMENT & DISSEMINATION

WHAT WE DO

- Collect interdisciplinary oceanographic datasets
  - QA/QC of data & metadata creation
  - Basic processing of data & repacking for rapid analysis
- Disseminate
  - Near real-time sharing of basic data vis Science Dashboard
  - Post-cruise digital data requests & provide information about partnering institutions

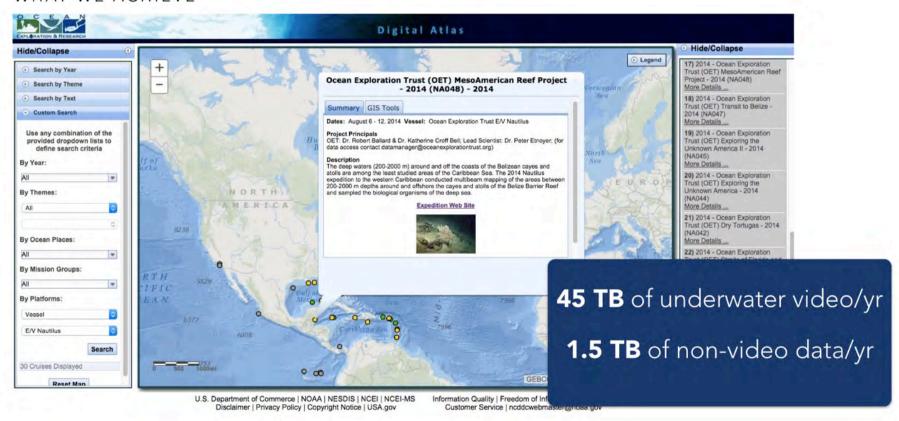
WHAT WE DO

- Archive using widely accepted formats
  - Video & digital data repository at URI's Inner Space Center
  - Physical samples curated & metadata generated on board ship
- Implement, develop, and maintain technical infrastructure on ship and shore
  - Full ship network and systems support from cable terminations to software engineering
  - Shore-side network and systems support fro servers to software engineering
  - End-user support for internal OET, ship staff, and external users

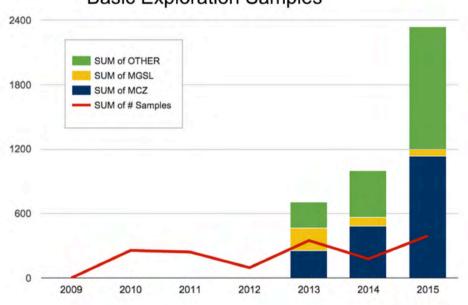
WHY WE DO IT

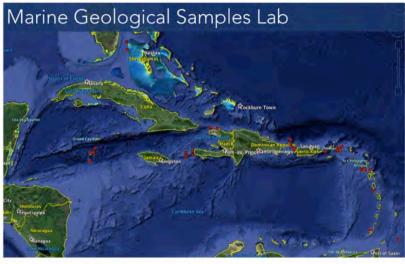
- Critical to OET's mission & commitment to the community
- Creating a legacy of exploration for future explorers (e.g., archiving data publicly for future research & discovery)
- Learning environment and training the next generation of STEM workers
  - Data Managers & Interns gain hands-on training
  - Opportunity to learn beyond the ship
- Expanding the science team (Scientists Ashore) & impact of our discoveries
  - Shipboard science team ~3-6 can be infinitely extended to scientists on shore

WHAT WE ACHIEVE

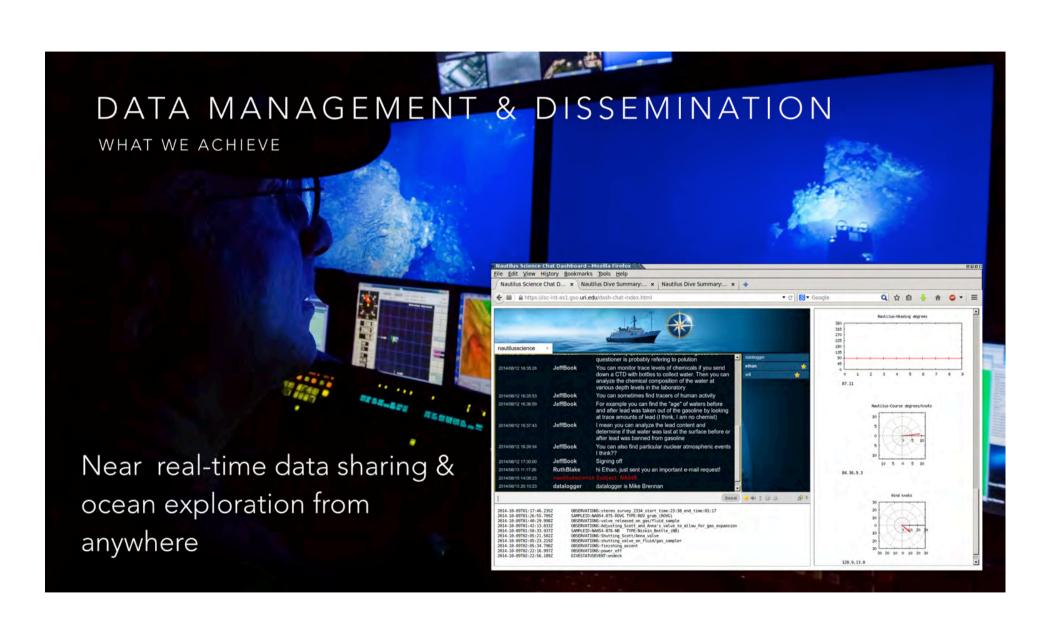






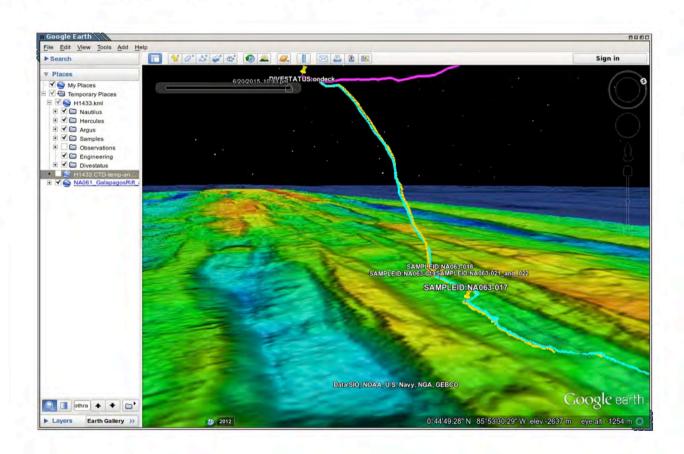






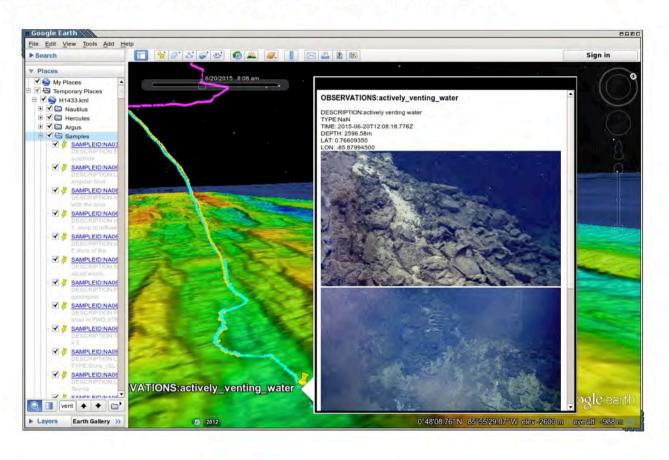
WHAT WE ACHIEVE

Rapid data analysis & dive replay tools



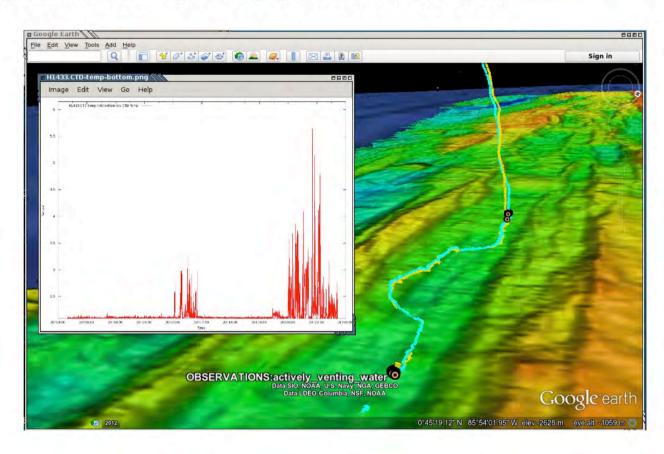
WHAT WE ACHIEVE

Rapid data analysis & dive replay tools



WHAT WE ACHIEVE

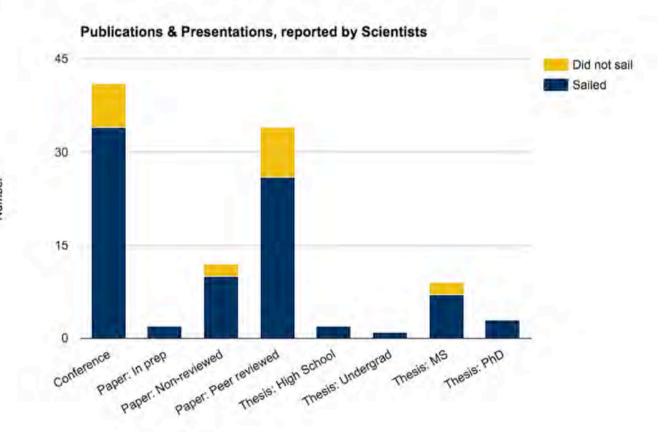
Rapid data analysis & dive replay tools



DATA USE

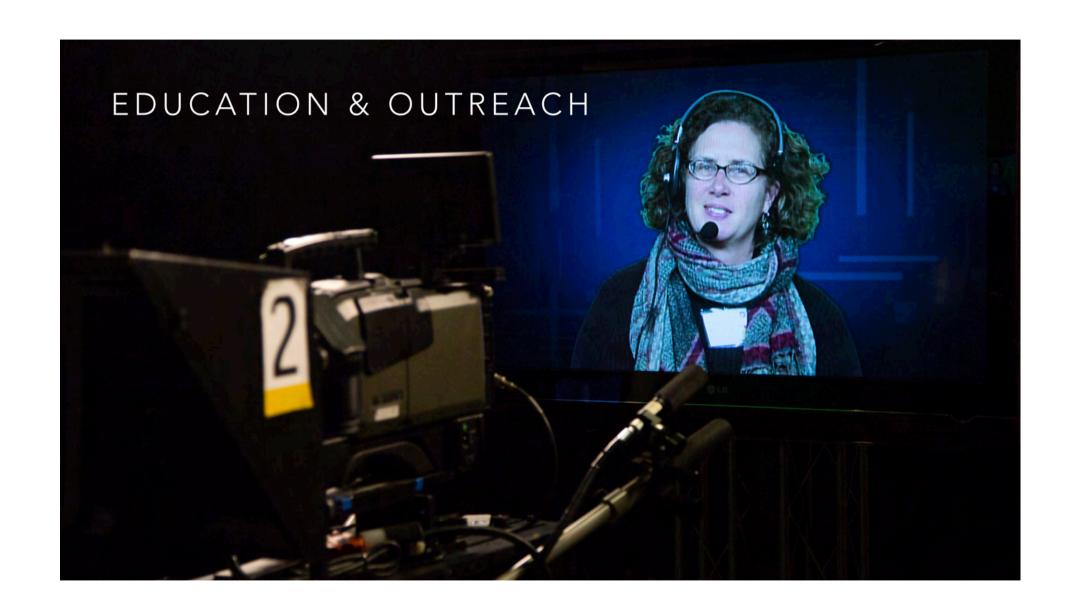
>100 Scientific publications, theses & dissertations, conference abstracts

Follow-up requests & science proposals



#### CHALLENGES

- Limited number of personnel dedicated to data management & dissemination
- Data mining and use by the public (e.g., citizen science efforts)
- Data archival in NOAA databases
- Video/data accessibility and keeping up with data requests



### EDUCATION & OUTREACH

#### GOALS

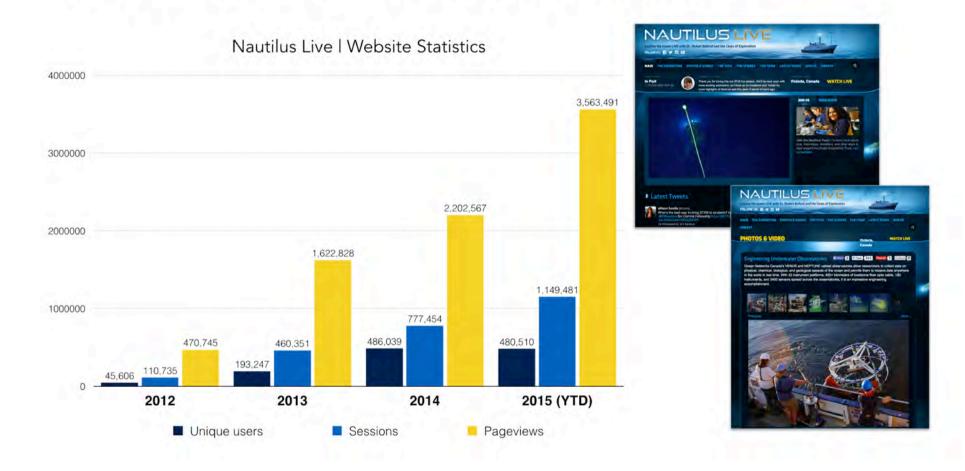
Expose the broader public to ocean exploration & research

Inspire young audiences to be lifelong learners and pursue interests, education, and careers in STEM disciplines

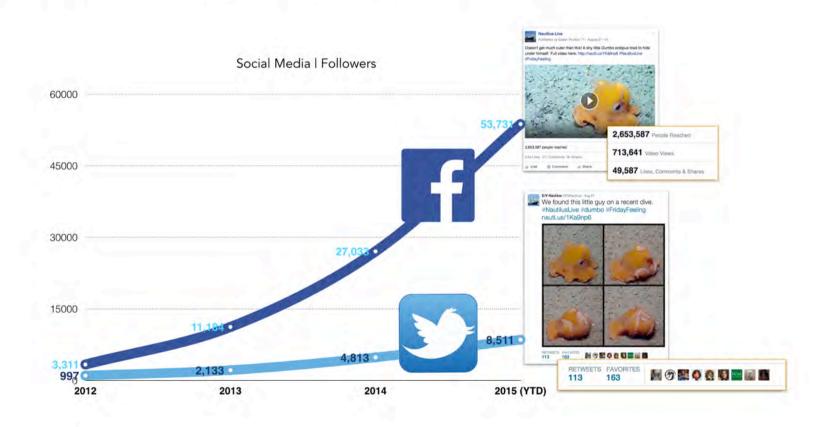
Provide students and educators with engaging learning opportunities and instructional materials. Increase their capacity to use those materials well.

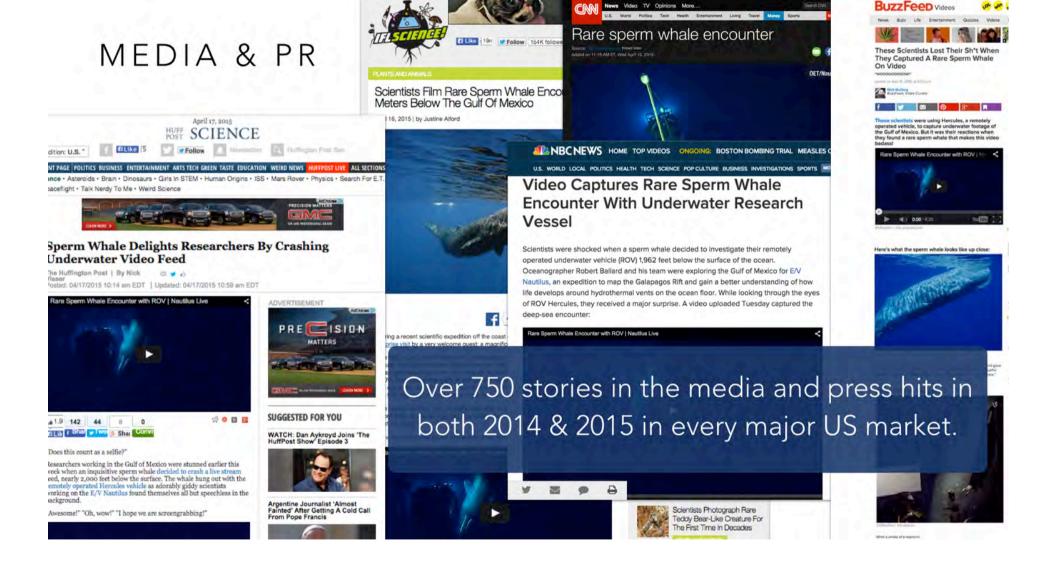
Provide hands-on professional training & vocational skills development for students advancing through stem-focused degrees and careers.

## NAUTILUS LIVE WEBSITE & OUTREACH

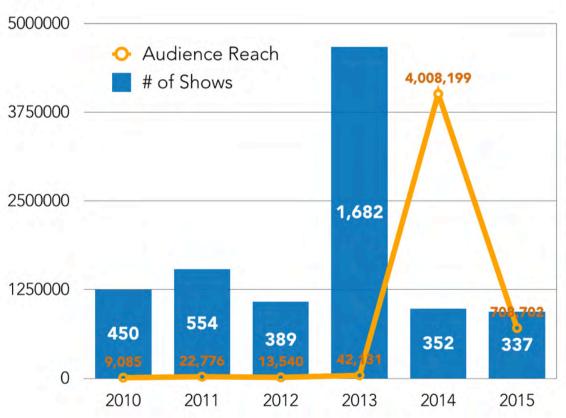


## NAUTILUS LIVE WEBSITE & OUTREACH





### LIVE INTERACTIONS





## LIVE INTERACTIONS



### LIVE INTERACTIONS

#### 2010 4 states & 8 partner venues



2015 28 states & 120 venues



## 2010 - 2015

13 | countries connected

39 | US states connected

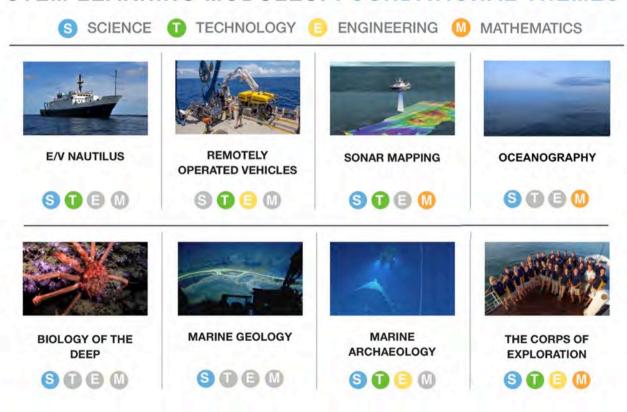
3764 | live ship-to-shore interactions

238 | venues & schools connected

4.8M+ | people reached

#### STEM LEARNING MODULES & EDUCATOR WORKSHOPS

#### STEM LEARNING MODULES: FOUNDATIONAL THEMES





#### MODEL BEHAVIOR I EDUCATOR

#### Links to Next Generations Science Standards |

MS-ETS1-3: Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.

MS-ETS1-4: Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

MS-PS1-3: Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society.

Foundational Theme | Oceanography | 5 T 3 M



Pacing | 1-2 class periods

Background Needed | Basic knowledge of scientific modeling and graphing Assessment | Rubric provided

#### Materials/Resources

- . 4-6 large plastic clear tubs filled with water
- trays of ice
- · salt
- · several hot pots
- · paper fans, straws or small battery operated fans with clips
- · various types of cooking oils such as peanut, vegetable, canola, etc.
- plastic stirrers/spoons
- thermometers
- + rulers
- + timers
- sediments such as sand, gravel, etc.
- · laptops and graphing software such as Microsoft Excel (optional)

#### Overview

In this module, students will be exposed to the importance of developing models to predict behaviors of substances such as oil in a marine environment and will develop a model to test one variable that would influence the behavior of oil molecules when dispersed in water. Students will then use their developed models to make connections to and ask questions about current research addressing these topics. This module could also serve as an introduction to scientific method and measurement.

#### Background

Oil spills are a major threat to marine ecosystems, costing many millions of dollars to clean up and negatively impact the livelihood of those who depend on the sea for income. In the oceans, there are natural seeps that emit gas and oil into the marine ecosystem yet scientists do not fully understand how this natural gas and oil behaves in the environment. Scientists are studying these natural seeps to predict and model how oil and gas will move through the water column as well as using this as an analogue for oil spills. Scientists are currently working on developing models of oil/hydrocarbon behavior in the water column to accurately inform stakeholders, engineers and scientists how to best manage and mitigate future spills. In this module you will develop a model to test one factor affecting oil behavior in water. Check out http://www.nautiluslive.org/blog/2015/04/13/why-do-bubbles-matter for more information.

#### Objectives & Learning Outcomes

- > Students will understand impacts from hazardous events such as oil spills and actions companies are taking to study the impacts of such events.
- Students will design a model to test a variable in a controlled setting.
- Students will collect and graph data, and use proper scientific measurement techniques.
- Students will communicate their results to an appropriate audience.



#### MODEL BEHAVIOR | ASSESSMENT

OBJECTIVE	CRITERIA			
	4 Exemplary	3 Commended	2 Ernerging	1 Developing
Knowledge & Understanding	Student consistently, correctly and thoroughly answers all questions. Uses an abundance of relevant vocabulary and is able to explain relationships within the content using examples. Can apply the content to other topics or real life.	Student is able to consistently answer most, questions correctly. Uses an adequate amount of relevant vocabulary. Can explain relationships within the content and can apply content to other topics or real life.	Student is able to answer some questions correctly. Uses some relevant vocabulary. Student does not elaborate on relationships within the content or make connections between the content and real life.	Student is able to answer a few questions correctly. Inconsistently uses relevant vocabulary. Student does not elaborate on relationships within the content or make connections between the content and real life.
Content Organization, Methodology & Analysis	Student effectively organizes complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions. This may include detailed, labeled and thorough procedures, data tables, graphs, diagrams and/or analyses.	Student is able to organize ideas, concepts, and information to make connections and distinctions. This may include mostly detailed, labeled and thorough procedures, data tables, graphs, diagrams and/or analyses.	Student attempts to organize ideas, concepts and information to make some connections and distinctions. Student is able to provide basic procedures, data tables, graphs, diagrams and/or analyses.	Student has difficulty organizing ideas, concepts and information to make connections and distinctions. Student is unable to provide basic procedures, data tables, graphs, diagrams and/or analyses.
Self-Directed Learner	Student is actively engaged in the learning process; consistently contributes to class discussions and asks darifying questions. Seeks out and shares additional resources with the class or teacher. Advocates for his/her learning needs.	Student is engaged in the learning process. Often contributes to class discussions and asks dartifying questions. Advocates for his/her learning needs.	Student is inconsistently engaged in the learning process. Sometimes contributes to class clarifying questions. Inconsistently advocates for his/her learning needs.	Student is weakly engaged in the learning process. Rarely contributes to class discussions or asks danfying questions. Rarely advocates for his/ her learning needs.
Technological Tools	Use of digital resources is always appropriate for the task. Willing to learn and use technology for inclusion of charts, graphs, pictures, etc. to amplify the message.	Use of digital resources is appropriate for the task. Willing to use technology for inclusion of charts, graphs, pictures, etc. to amplify the message.	Use of digital resources is sometimes appropriate for the task. Inconsistent use of technology for inclusion of charts, graphs, pictures, etc. to amplify the message.	Use of digital resources is rarely appropriate for the task. Inconsistent use of technology for inclusion of charts, graphs, pictures, etc. to amplify the message.
Collaboration Skills	Consistently works, effectively and respectfully with a diverse group of learners. Actively checks with others for understanding and how he or she may be of help. Student listens when others speak and incorporates or builds off of the ideas of others.	Works effectively and respectfully with a diverse group of learners. Checks with others for understanding and how he or she may be of help. Student listens when others speak.	Sometimes works effectively and respectfully with a diverse group of learners. Sometimes checks with others for understanding and how be or she may be of help. Student listens when others speak.	Has difficulty working effectively and respectfully with a diverse group of learners. Farely checks with others for understanding and how he or she may be of help. Student may talk over other students or does not listen when others speak.
Total Score:	Comments:			

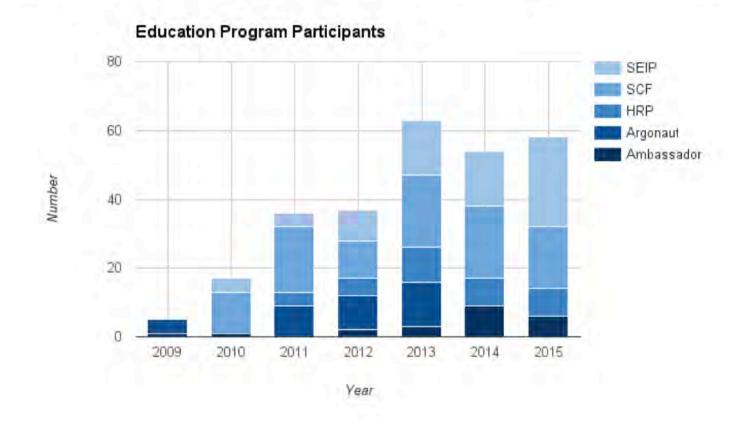
GCEAN EXPLORATION TRUST

#### STEM LEARNING MODULES & EDUCATOR WORKSHOPS



- Since June 2015, OET has held 4
   STEM workshops in TX, LA, FL, &
   CT and another is planned in
   October in IL.
- Estimated student reach through participating teachers to date is 100,000+.
- Feedback from participants has been extremely positive.

## AT SEA PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS & EDUCATORS





# SCIENCE & ENGINEERING INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

2014 SEIP's assessment of the impact of the program on their career plans are that it:

- 1. Confirmed or reaffirmed career plans
- 2. Positively influenced career plans
- 3. Provided professional experience
- 4. Provided a broader awareness of the interdisciplinary nature of STEM



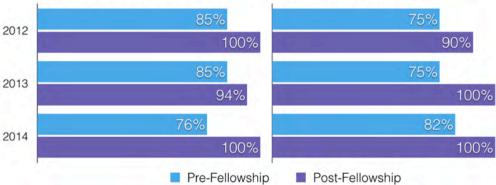


# SCIENCE COMMUNICATION FELLOWSHIP

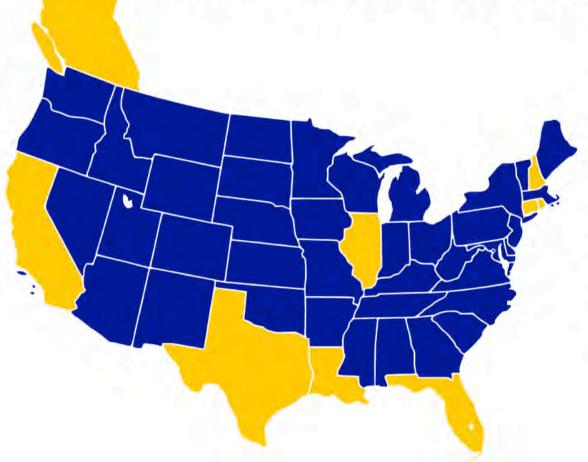
#### SCF Evaluation | Professional Confidence

2014 SCF responses to "I am confident in my ability to teach students or public audiences about the value of ocean exploration."

2014 SCF responses to "I am confident in my ability to teach students or public audiences about ocean exploration topics."







#### SPONSORS/PARTNERS

Office of Naval Research

Bechtel

**CITGO** 

Pfizer

Dominion

**Ballard Exploration** 

University of New Hampshire

UC Santa Barbara

Ocean Networks Canada

Florida Panthers Foundation

Lyda Hill Foundation

Phil Stephenson Foundation

#### 2016 & BEYOND

- Wintering over in Canada as guest of Victoria, BC and Ocean Networks Canada while discussing 2016/17 plans to winter over in San Pedro, CA at AltaSea.
- Begin Fabrication of new Command Center with donations from private individuals and ALCOA. Begin wiring installations between new Command Center and the recently renovated Data Lab and Rack Room.
- Work to expand Applied Exploration Program
- Expand scope and reach of OET STEM programs from 11 communities to 20
- Third "60-Minute" program with CBS News
- Explore use of E/V Nautilus in off-season to conduct multi beam operations as well as a dive platform